

January 22 and February 19: A. R. D. Mathias (Freiburg im Breisgau, Réunion and Cambridge)

Title: Iteration problems in symbolic dynamics

Abstract: For \mathcal{X} a Polish space, $f : \mathcal{X} \rightarrow \mathcal{X}$ continuous and $k \in \omega$, write f^k for the k^{th} iterate of f , so that for each $x \in \mathcal{X}$, $f^0(x) = x$ and $f^{k+1}(x) = f(f^k(x))$. Write $\omega_f(x)$ for the set of accumulation points of the forward orbit of x under f , including the periodic points.

Such ω -**limit sets** are closed in \mathcal{X} and under f ; so

$$(*) \quad y \in \omega_f(x) \implies \omega_f(y) \subseteq \omega_f(x).$$

Define Γ_f on subsets of \mathcal{X} by

$$\Gamma_f(X) = \bigcup \{\omega_f(x) \mid x \in X\}.$$

For $a \in \mathcal{X}$, define $A^0(a, f) = \omega_f(a)$; $A^{\beta+1}(a, f) = \Gamma_f(A^\beta(a, f))$.

By $(*)$ $A^0(a, f) \supseteq A^1(a, f) \supseteq A^2(a, f) \dots$ so set $A^\lambda(a, f) = \bigcap_{\nu < \lambda} A^\nu(a, f)$ for limit $\lambda > 0$; then for all ordinals $\alpha < \beta \implies A^\alpha(a, f) \supseteq A^\beta(a, f)$.

DEFINITION $\theta(a, f) =_{\text{df}}$ the least θ with $A^\theta(a, f) = A^{\theta+1}(a, f)$.

The question raised by the Dynamics Group in Barcelona in 1993 was : **what are the possible values of the function $\theta(a, f)$?**

I showed in [2a] that for f the shift function defined in [1], all countable ordinals are possible values of $\theta(a, f)$, and whilst in Barcelona I repeatedly attempted to prove that no uncountable ordinal is.

But a note from David Fremlin refuting a related conjecture of mine showed me that I had been barking up the wrong tree, and starting from a refinement of Fremlin's argument, I was led in Réunion in 2001 to develop an extremely difficult new iteration method which led to my proof that, again for f the shift function, there are points a with $\theta(a, f) = \omega_1$; indeed there are recursive such a .

In today's talk I shall recall ideas from [2a] and prepare the iteration method of [2c]; next week I shall complete the construction of recursive a with $\theta(a, f) = \omega_1$, and then, to encourage young researchers to seek new applications of my iteration method, I shall review related open questions.

Of the papers fully listed in the handout, central to these two talks are

- [1] LL. ALSEDÀ, M. CHAS, J. SMÍTAL, The structure of the ω -limit sets
- [2a] A. R. D. MATHIAS, Delays, recurrence and ordinals
- [2c] A. R. D. MATHIAS, Analytic sets under attack
- [6a, b, c] C. DELHOMMÉ, unpublished papers on the shift's attacks.
- [7] Andreas BLASS, *Ultrafilters: where topological dynamics = algebra = combinatorics*. Topology Proc. **18** (1993), 33–56.

In 1993, I found it paid to define this binary relation, where d is the metric of the space \mathcal{X} :

$$x \curvearrowright_f y \iff \forall m > 0 \exists \ell \geq m d(f^\ell(x), y) < \frac{1}{m}.$$

Then $\omega_f(x) = \{y \mid x \curvearrowright_f y\}$.

When f is fixed in a discussion, we write $x \curvearrowright y$ for $x \curvearrowright_f y$, and we sometimes write $y \curvearrowleft x$ for $x \curvearrowright y$. We read $x \curvearrowright y$ as “ x **attacks** y ”.

PROPOSITION *If $x \curvearrowright y$ and $y \curvearrowright z$ then $x \curvearrowright z$.*

DEFINITION The **escape set** or **boundary** is the union over all ordinals β of the set of those points in $\omega_f(a)$ eliminated at stage β of the iteration:

$$E(a, f) =_{\text{df}} \bigcup_{\beta} (A^\beta(a, f) \setminus A^{\beta+1}(a, f)).$$

Here $X \setminus Y$ is the set-theoretic difference $\{x \mid x \in X \text{ and } x \notin Y\}$.

DEFINITION For $x \in E(a, f)$, we write $\beta(x, a, f)$ for the unique β with $x \in A^\beta(a, f) \setminus A^{\beta+1}(a, f)$.

In [2a] I used descriptive set theory to show that $\beta(x, a, f)$ is always countable. It follows that $\theta(a, f)$, the least ordinal θ with $A^\theta(a, f) = A^{\theta+1}(a, f)$, is at most ω_1 . We call $\theta(a, f)$ the ***f*-score** of a .

DEFINITION We write $A(a, f)$ for $A^{\theta(a, f)}(a, f)$. We call $A(a, f)$ the **abode**.

Thus $E(a, f) = \omega_f(a) \setminus A(a, f)$. We say that points in $A(a, f)$ **abide**, and points in $E(a, f)$ **escape**.

We write \mathcal{N} for *Baire space*, the space of infinite sequences of natural numbers: for each finite such sequence r we have the basic open set $\{\alpha \mid \alpha \upharpoonright \ell h(r) = r\}$. The (backward) **shift function** $\mathfrak{s} : \mathcal{N} \rightarrow \mathcal{N}$ is given by $\mathfrak{s}(\alpha)(n) = \alpha(n+1)$. As in section 4 of *Delays* we write $\zeta \triangleright \xi$, read ζ is **near to** ξ , if $\zeta = \mathfrak{s}^n(\xi)$ for some $n \geq 0$.

In [2a] I constructed for each $\alpha < \omega_1$ a point in \mathcal{N} of score exactly α . Five years later, in [2c], when in Réunion, I constructed a recursive point in \mathcal{N} of score ω_1 .

My methods did not adapt well to \mathfrak{s} on the Cantor space and my Réunionnais colleague Christian Delhommé in [6a, b, c] found a much better treatment of the compact case.

Later my research student Cédric Machefert started to examine the notion of **uniform attack** corresponding to the notion of uniform recurrence, but he died before he could finish. In studying that notion, the paper [7] of Andreas Blass is hugely helpful.

My work often requires metrizability of the space but not compactness; Blass often needs compactness but not metrizability.

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to be given by Adrian Mathias in early 2026
in the Carbondale Zoominar of Wesley Calvert

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Yet more recent work

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Further reading

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